

thm\_2Ebool\_2Ebool\_INDUCT  
(TMLnTc6EtsujWcZrGaQxgcboJsUZQBEwhgb)

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**Definition 1** We define  $c\_2Emin\_2E\_3D$  to be  $\lambda A.\lambda x \in A.\lambda y \in A.inj\_o (x = y)$  of type  $\iota \Rightarrow \iota$ .

**Definition 2** We define  $c\_2Ebool\_2ET$  to be  $(ap (ap (c\_2Emin\_2E\_3D (2^2)) (\lambda V0x \in 2.V0x)) (\lambda V1x \in 2.V1x))$

**Definition 3** We define  $c\_2Ebool\_2E\_21$  to be  $\lambda A\_27a : \iota.(\lambda V0P \in (2^{A-27a}).(ap (ap (c\_2Emin\_2E\_3D (2^{A-27a}))$

**Definition 4** We define  $c\_2Ebool\_2EF$  to be  $(ap (c\_2Ebool\_2E\_21 2) (\lambda V0t \in 2.V0t))$ .

**Definition 5** We define  $c\_2Emin\_2E\_3D\_3D\_3E$  to be  $\lambda P \in 2.\lambda Q \in 2.inj\_o (p \Rightarrow q)$  of type  $\iota$ .

**Definition 6** We define  $c\_2Ebool\_2E\_2F\_5C$  to be  $(\lambda V0t1 \in 2.(\lambda V1t2 \in 2.(ap (c\_2Ebool\_2E\_21 2) (\lambda V2t \in 2.V2t)))$

**Theorem 1**

$$(\forall V0P \in (2^2).(((p (ap V0P c\_2Ebool\_2ET)) \wedge (p (ap V0P c\_2Ebool\_2EF))) \Rightarrow (\forall V1b \in 2.(p (ap V0P V1b)))))$$